THE NEWSLETTER OF SWANBOURNE VETERINARY CENTRE

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SUMMER 2018/19

THE AUSTRALIAN COBBERDOG



The Pet Professionals

Different

Tony Viganò , Michelle Harrison & Melanie Criddle. Veterinary Surgeons

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ROAD TEST: THE AUSTRALIAN COBBERDOG (FROM THE AUSTRALIAN LABRADOODLE):



One of the new designer breeds, the Labradoodle was the brain child of Wally Cochran in Australia in the 1970's. His aim was to produce a new breed that incorporated the good points of the original breeds, and in this case to create a dog that could guide the blind but be allergy free for people who were allergic to dogs. These dogs have been successfully trained as seeing eye dogs but as yet the non-shedding characteristic of the Poodle has not become a fixed attribute of this new breed.

More recently the breed has been further developed from the original authentic strains of Australian Labradoodle to the Australian Cobberdog and was recognized as a pure breed in January 2012. I called the Canine Association and was told that neither the Australian Cobberdog nor the Labradoodle are registered breeds in Australia at this point in time.

HISTORY:

Never the less this new breed is a valid attempt to create something positive and to eliminate or lessen the unfavourable genes in the original breeds. As mentioned above the Australian Cobberdog has developed as a descendant and was registered in 2012 by the Master Dog Breeders and Associates (MDBA) Global Pure Breed registry.

Originally the Standard Poodle was crossed with the Labrador Retriever and after initial success the idea took off with several different breeders taking on the idea, but alas, with inconsistent results. Two research facilities (Tegan Park and Rutland Manor) further developed the concept and now Labradoodles are being successfully bred in Australia and exported overseas.

It is still too early to say if they have achieved their goal of breeding assistance dogs that do not shed hair but the later development of The Australian Cobberdog and subsequent registration as a breed indicates this is being achieved as this breed has shown particular suitability as Therapy Dogs, Medical Alert Dogs and Assistance Dogs.

APPEARANCE:

These dogs come in three sizes, standard, medium and miniature with standard and miniature being the most common.

Initially the standard dog was bred which is slightly heavier in the body than a standard poodle with a muzzle slightly narrower than a labrador retriever.

They have a broad head with a coat length of between 10-15cm and the texture similar to an Angora goat. More a fleece than a hairy coat so does not shed and far more allergy friendly

though allergies to dog saliva will still abound.



The coat is described as either curly or wavy and colours are chalk, cream, apricot, chocolate, café au

lait and silver.

They are 53-60cm in height and weigh between 20-35 kg in the standard variety with the miniatures standing between 43-51cm and weighing 12-20kg. The medium is less common and falls between these two.

CHARACTERISTICS:

The breed is well known for its intelligence, trainability and good humour. They get along well with other dogs, people and children and whilst loyal to their owners, they are very friendly with people generally.

They are a non aggressive dog and almost comical in their behaviour at times, and because of their intelligence they can become undisciplined if not socialized early and obedience trained, as with the parent breed the Labrador.

They live to between 13-15 years and in line with the aims of the exercise, highly strung, timid and yappy examples are not bred from, in the quest for the perfect guide dog.

WHO SHOULD HAVE ONE:

This breed make a great family pet, loyal, good with children and other pets and totally non aggressive.

They need a lot of exercise but do quite well in apartments though an exercise yard is preferable.

The curly coat variety need regular grooming every 2 weeks or so with a trim/clip some 2-3 times a year. Ideally they shed very little or not at all and hopefully demonstrate the non allergenic qualities that are so sought after.

Equally they should have less ear problems than the poodle with hairless ear canals and are generally lighter than the Labradors with potentially less joint problems as they get older. Therefore not a high maintenance dog.

VETERINARY PROBLEMS:

As breeding progresses, and in reality, we see hip dysplasia (an early degenerative arthritic condition in the hips), elbow and knee cap disorders, ear problems (due to the long, pendulous and often hairy ear flaps and canals) and other issues plaguing the two parent breeds. These are however less common than in the original breeds in most cases.

Blood disorders such as Von Wilebrands disease (a bleeding disease) are also reported.

In summary, we as vets are seeing more and more of these dogs as they become popular in the "puppy mills" being essentially a cross breed still at this stage.

They are joined by other designer dogs such as spoodles (spaniel cross poodles) and schnoodles (schnauzer cross poodle) and whilst these produce considerable interest and command considerable sums of money in some quarters, they do not always represent sound genetic thinking. In not every case does so called hybrid vigour occur. In many instances it can be that you may finish up with an even smaller gene pool with even more problems than the originals.

In the main however Labradoodles do seem better established than many of the others and like most things researching the subject and picking a reputable breeder is a wise philosophy.

The further development of the breed to The Australian Cobberdog has enhanced and strengthened the breed and ironed out many of the original problems.

Tony Vigano



SWANBOURNE DASHBOARD

What a relief that we are heading into Summer and the rainy days that have plagued us in 2018 have gone for a while. I know that sounds strange as we always seem to be short in WA but you have to admit we got more than our share this year just evidenced by the number of times we had to cancel our off site Dog Obedience classes alone! Even then they were held several times in less than comfortable conditions as we braved "Ice Station Zebra" conditions on College Park (the name of a popular film years ago for those who do remember......).

A testimony to those brave and dedicated souls who were determined to give their dogs the best shot during the good citizen programs.

Speaking of good citizenship I have just arrived home from a fantastic 4 week trip to the North East of USA.

I was amazed at the liberty afforded to dogs (and at least one cat) in that country, when I thought some of our prudish behaviour towards our best friends may well have emanated from there! I knew in England and Europe they were well advanced (look at the list in order of latitude given to pets... France is well on top and there are some surprises with the top 20 being dominated by Europe and England.

Even so it was gratifying to see dogs on leashes in Times Square in New York. On buses and trains, in even the most up market shops and malls, and on aeroplanes in the cabin!

Most hotels had their Pet Policy well on display and it is common place to have dogs staying with their people in the rooms, attending Happy Hours and generally embraced by everyone.

The one cat I saw was in supposedly the oldest hotel in USA in Stoneville in New England. Very busy the cat ("Norman") spent his days languishing on a sofa surrounded by people constantly with a cushion on which was written "don't wake me as I am sleeping and keep the front door closed so I don't roam" or words to that effect. So peaceful and content was he I thought he was a toy initially!



Some of the dogs I met were refuge dogs from as far away as Korea which was a nice touch and everyone seemed to be besotted with pets.

A couple of instances in the press amused me:

1. A dog soiled a seat on a domestic flight and a person complained. The Airline put out a brief reply to the effect that it was no worse than a child or a person soiling the seat "so get over it"

2. In New York the City Council tried to limit dogs on subway trains to the size that fits in a bag. The Americans not to be daunted designed coats that looked like

bags and with handles to get around this which

was greeted with much mirth but no reaction from the Council so big dogs still enjoy train travel underground!

What a shame we can't loosen up a bit in this country. Recent research done in Sydney found that 95% of people are for a loosening of our draconian laws so why not!

It does depend on people all accepting the responsibility and ensuring their dogs are well mannered...we are working on that too!

We are soon to welcome back Naomi as she has been on maternity leave since June. As I write this I am expecting a visit from Nay, Brad and little Lily (their newborn) to establish in what capacity she will return. Great to have her back.

Weekends are becoming busier at Swanbourne as the Puppy School Program picks up the pace with now 4 separate classes held on Sundays. To this we have extended our hours and we now have two vets on both days from 8-4 on Saturdays and 8-2 on Sundays. We have the nursing staff and facilities to handle any emergency on both days so give us a ring to make an appointment or go online to make a booking.

With Christmas fast approaching we will be available most days over the holidays (in fact except Christmas day which with Good Friday, are the only days of the year we are closed), we are open Christmas Eve and New Years' Eve as normal with Public Holiday hours on Boxing Day and New Years' Day (vet in attendance between 9-12 and the office opening at 8am). Puppy School and Puppy Management will not be held on the Sunday of December 23rd but will recommence Sunday January 6th. Equally Puppy Classes on January 27th (The Australia Day weekend) will go ahead as scheduled even though the Monday is a holiday. Watch these dates closer to the time as they will be well advertised on the practice notice boards (electronic as well).

Expect to see Dr Leah Richards helping out over the Christmas period as some of the other vets take a well earned break.

Now that Summer officially arrives on December 1st I have published the Summer tips this year later in this newsletter. Most of them are obvious but with the festive season upon us it is easy to forget your best friend in the car as you do the last minute shopping etc so don't let your guard down with the pets or the kids as they can both be equally unpredictable!

I will be off from Nov 30th to December 8th for my 50th reunion out of the Melbourne Vet School. Good to catch up with them, many of whom I haven't seen in all that time. That will be interesting.

Finally I will take this opportunity of reminding you that Pets at the Park will be held this year on April 7th at College Park with Nedlands City Council in the chair. Once again I would like to thank both Nedlands and Claremont Councils for their support and involvement which has seen this day develop into a fun event for all with a full house last year for the 4 hours, packed with activities, pet shows and vet checks. Join us again on April 7th at College Park and watch this space as the event unfolds for 2019.

Tony Vigano



DOG TRAINING: WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW



WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW: Good Citizen Program

Understanding what your pup needs at this stage is very important and why they are doing the behaviours that we may find unpleasant. They are going through the first circle of development which requires patience, trust and understanding.



You may encounter certain behaviours with your pup. Understand they need to learn how to fit into our world and what our rules are. Teaching them the right before the wrong is crucial to developing a well-rounded puppy.

The puppy classes we have on offer here are unique to this practice. Here you will learn how to emotionally regulate your pup, another important lesson in your pups development. Other things you will learn how to teach your pup include basic leadership commands such as lay down, stay, heel, and recall and provide an initial level of socialising.

To this end we have 3 steps in our canine education program:

PUPPY CLASSES (Steps 1 & 2)

Puppy Classes are held on site at Swanbourne Veterinary Centre on Sunday mornings. Puppies must be between 8-12 weeks old when they start their first class and have had at least their first vaccination and be de-wormed.

Puppy Preschool is the first instalment of

your dog's training. We have a 9am and an 11 am class each Sunday. Puppy Management is the second phase of training which builds on and enhances the training learnt in preschool. This is held at 10am and 12pm on Sundays.

As each group is at a different stage of the 4 week program, we recommend joining one and coming at the same time every week. This also means that the puppies will go through their training together and will be the best of friends by the end!

DOG OBEDIENCE- For puppies and dogs over 6 months old

Basic Dog Obedience is the natural progression from Puppy School and Management.

These classes are designed to:

- * Socialise the young dog
- * Brief owners on dog behaviour, communication and obedience training techniques
- * Demonstrate how to discipline the young dog

These classes are held Saturday mornings at 9:30am at Swanbourne Oval and Wednesday evenings at College Park.

ADVANCED OBEDIENCE COURSE IN 2019

Participants who show they are willing to put in the work with Basic Obedience will be offered a place in this course.

Please call us on 9384 2644 for more comprehensive information, start dates or to book your spot!

Tony Viganò



SUMMER TIPS



After a dreary wet winter (the rain was certainly needed!), everyone lights up when the warmer weather arrives, with its hot and dry conditions, and also the holiday season when outdoor activities ramp up and both humans and animals are more exposed to the elements and the environment generally. It is the house and garden season as well when the avid gardeners amongst us run amok with the snail bait and nitrogenous fertilisers. Backyard and beach cricket takes over and all in all we are all more at risk from accidents and misadventure. Not the least our pets!

1. HEAT:

(a) Parasites such as fleas become a major problem with the changing weather patterns with residual rain and the warmer weather creating massive flea hatching. There are a plethora of oral and squeeze on products available

(b) Heat stroke becomes a major issue particularly as the warmer weather creeps up on us and people forget about the rules of never leaving dogs and other animals in locked cars at any time. We find the worst cases occur as the weather warms up rather than the scorching days later on the summer. Six minutes in a locked car at 28C can have fatal results so be mindful.

(c) Dehydration occurs very quickly as it does with humans and so plenty of water and in shaded areas needs to be made available for all our pets and companion animals. Putting iceblocks in the water keeps it cool for longer and adding tuna water or beef broth may make it more palatable. We have some great recipes for popsicles you can give your dog when you are having an icecream. These are on our web site.

(d) Swimming pools need to be enclosed so the family dog home alone doesn't venture too close and fall in. Older animals have no hope of climbing out of a pool with wide smooth sides and hidden steps and many a death is reported from drowning. Equally the driveway needs to be checked when leaving or arriving in case the old moggie is snoozing in the sun or under the car when you leave.

(e) Hot pavements and sand at the beach burn small feet just as they do with us so spare a thought when taking your best friend walking

(f) On the subject of walking ensure it is early in the morning or later in the day and please NO enforced exercise like chasing balls and frizzbies as our best friends are so eager to please us they will chase until they drop! If you do exercise them PLEASE no sticks, throw soft balls and tug toys but do it in the cool of the day.

(g) Glare from the sun causes sunburn particularly on pale skinned dogs (noses and skin). White staffies and Bull Terriers are well over represented as are white cats! Use 30+ blockout on them too!

(h) Shade is important so set up an area that provides some air movement...possibly down one side of the house if they are outside, with a pallet of wood to sit on and their favourite bedding, which provides circulation of air under the dog.

(i) Water should be plentiful at several points and in the shade as well, and don't forget to replenish regularly. Filling a kiddies' playpool with a couple of inches of water and left in a shady place will allow the dog to paddle.....add ice blocks as well on that scorcher of a day!

(j) Consider putting some treats in the freezer..... make them up using doggie treats and then they can have a frozen treat with the family on those boiling hot days

(k) Leave the airconditioner running when you go out and if you have a fan drape them in a wet towel with the fan going. This works really well when the dogs are crate trained.

(I) Take special note of the "seniors" as they are more susceptible to heat and watch for breathing difficulties due to inherent heart and other conditions

(m) Beware when walking at the local park or in the bush. Territorial magpies and butcher birds can be very aggressive during the nesting season so wear a hat or carry an umbrella. We are so lucky to have an abundant bird presence in our suburbs but beware!

(n) Equally walking in the bush can be a hazard. Make plenty of noise in case snakes are around and avoid walking in the heat of the day. Stick to the paths and ensure your recall training is to the fore or keep fido on a leash! Most bites occur in the late afternoon/early evening.

(o) When getting into the garden this spring/summer check you haven't got an abundance of toxic plants growing. Something we don't dwell on much but we have a list of common toxic plants and you will be surprised at the list!

2. CHRISTMAS INDULGENCE and OUTSIDE ACTIVITIES:

(a) Please don't feed your pets the fat from the turkey and ham as this can cause or at least exacerbate pancreatitis when they get that huge fat overload! Not to mention all manner of gastrointestinal upsets from corn cobs (obstructions), tooth picks (from finger food), and other inappropriate food such as onions (Heinz body anaemia), garlic and chill!

(b) Beware of raids on the Christmas tree, chocolate particularly must be kept out of reach as well as other sweets and those low hanging decorations which are great for obstructing bowels!

(c) The BBQ with well-meaning guests dropping morsels to the excited pets, onions from the hamburgers are to be avoided at all costs as well as alcohol, and by the way marijuana and other recreational drugs.....not to mention the hot plate which has caught many an inquisitive moggie by surprise as they jump up to check it out!

(d) That game of backyard or beach cricket is best done using a soft ball and not a hard cricket or squash ball...I have seen broken limbs and severely damaged eyes in our pets when fielding too close to bat and ball!

(e) Check our web site or a Government web site for gazetted fireworks over the Christmas/New Year period. Left home alone dogs may panic and do themselves an injury or break out and get lost

(f) On the subject of getting lost, ensure they are microchipped as this is now mandatory (the revised Dog Act 2013 and new Cat Act 2013) but more importantly allows an instant passage home should they get lost

(h) When walking take some fresh water and a foldup dog bowel with you. So much better and safer than drinking communal water at the park especially when canine cough abounds

(i) Make sure walks are restricted to the early morning or late afternoon as heat stroke and dehydration are all too common.

(j) Check feet and ears (particularly long haired cats and dogs) regularly for grass seeds that can penetrate the skin/ear drums with painful consequences



(k) When baiting for snails ensure precautions are taken when spreading the bait...none are really safe so follow the directions for use. Placing the bait in a buried wide necked jar in the garden, or putting the bait in a piece of conduit pegged to the ground will prevent the pets from accessing the bait but it attracts the snails.

(I) Beware of blow fish on the sea shore and river bank. These can be really toxic if eaten. All that good puppy/obedience training should come to the fore so you can warn them off picking things up on their walks. Phrases like "leave it!" are very handy and ensure recall skills are well learnt so you can call them to order.

(m) Wearing a seat belt and harness in the car or even travelling in a crate protects the pets and the human occupants in the event of a sudden stop or accident. A definite cause of injury in car accidents when flying pets can be a real hazard!

(n) Wash them off in fresh water after that play at the Dog beach as the salty water leaves their coats salty and itchy. Many dog beaches have an open shower close by for this.

(o) Remember dogs and drinks and cats and cocktails don't mix. Alcohol is an absolute no no as can be very toxic so PLEASE no tricks with the pets and alcohol as it isn't funny and can have dire consequences.

(p) On that fishing holiday ensure your dog is out of the way when you cast your line as a gang of hooks caught in his or her mouth is not ideal and please don't leave fish heads lying around with hooks still attached.

(q) On the subject of scavenging make sure the sanitary bin is out of the way of your inquisitive pooch as tampons are diabolical when swallowed and form into linear foreign bodies in the gut eventually leading to obstructions and extensive intestinal damage.

(r) When exercising your dog whilst riding a bike, I would suggest don't! Dogs have a habit of crossing over behind or in front of you and worst of all getting caught in the spokes of the front wheel sending you flying over the handle bars...not to mention breaking the dog's leg.

FORWARD PLANNING:

(a)Planning for your annual holiday includes getting in quickly at your preferred boarding facility as these fill up quickly and a home sitter is an even better option. Get onto this at the same time as planning your own getaway! If you are taking your best friend with you they may not be great travellers so plan for motion sickness and the anxiety of car travel (they may think they are going to the vet!) by speaking with your local vet regarding sedatives for the journey. The crate trained dog makes it easy and a cat box a must! Also to remember to pack their medications, favourite bedding, water bowls and leads and collars. They need their home comforts to feel secure in a new environment.

(b) Vaccinations and heartworm prevention need to be up to date during the summer when dogs are off to kennels or just meeting their friends at the park more regularly

(c) Include in that regular deworming as well

- (d) Clipping your long haired dog and cat will make them more comfortable in the Summer so plan this well ahead as groomers are also very busy in the lead up to summer.
 - A short well kept coat is easier to manage and helps keep parasites at bay

(d) Summer brings with it the unwanted kitten season so be sure to get your new cat sterilised before the warm weather brings them into season. The local Cat Haven puts as many as 100 unwanted kittens to sleep during the summer months.

(e) Be sure you have the number of your closest after hours clinic near the telephone as your local vet may well be closed for the Christmas & New Year holiday periods. Things always seem worse at night when you are home alone and these excellent facilities are all set up to see you 24/7 over the holiday break no matter the problem.

(f) Finally in the Christmas rush when the calendar is full spare a thought for your pets as they become more anxious when you are in and out of the house and rushing about. Include them as much as possible and allow for those precious walks in between social engagements, when they can meet their mates at the park and exchange stories! They are creatures of habit and will get depressed if left out, or their world is tipped upside down!

(g) And...make sure at the present opening ritual on Christmas morning they have their own gift(s) to open. There are plethora of great gifts for dogs, cats and other pets available now and they can join in the fun.

(h) If you live in a bushfire zone you will no doubt have a plan in place (to evacuate or fight the fire). Make sure you include the pets in this and have cat cages, dog boxes and leads, collars and ID tags for all of them plus food and water all packed as well. When it happens is not the time to make your plan and collect the necessities of life as it is too late then. There are great suggestions on the DFES web site to get you started.

SUMMER and our NATIVE ANIMALS plus some ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES:

(a) Baby birds found out of the nest are best left where they are as mum and dad probably have the situation in hand. Unless they are injured, threatened by a cat or a dog, in danger of being run over, or in any way distressed, leave them alone. In the face of danger from another animal why not suspend them in a hanging basket above the ground

(b) Summer brings out native fauna onto the roads such as stumpy tails, ringtail possums and kangaroos so please take care when driving and avoid unnecessary deaths

(c) Take the opportunity of planting local species in your garden and landscape with rocks and logs to encourage conservation of biodiversity for native animals, birds, lizards and frogs

(d) Use pesticides and herbicides sparingly as birds, frogs and reptiles suffer if they feed on insects sprayed with pesticides... seek out friendly alternatives.

(e) Keep cats indoors at night and put bells on their collars to prevent the hunting of native birds and animals

(f) Take note of what goes down the drain...no oils, fats or harmful chemicals as they end up in lakes, rivers and the ocean, harming wildlife and the quality of the water.

(g) Reduce the use of plastic bags and recycle rubbish, compost kitchen and garden waste, recycle paper and reduce the use of your petrol guzzling, air polluting vehicle. Why not buy a Tesla!

The list is endless and I guess most of what I have mentioned is common sense, but then as they say in the classics.....sense can be all too uncommon

Tony Vigano



ONLINE BOOKINGS

We have introduced the functionality to enable our clients to book their own appointments through a secure link on our website.

Appointment times are available 7 days a week. You select the service – vaccination, general check, dental check or senior health check - then choose the day and time that suits, and book your pet in! When you complete your booking, you will receive an email with confirmation of the booking details.

If you wish to book an appointment with a specific vet or cannot find a suitable appointment time, please don't hesitate to give us a call.

Always remember that if you have immediate concerns about your pet, please call us! As always, our friendly team are always here to help by calling 9384 2644.

Booking is easy – simply visit www.swanbournevet.com and click on BOOK APPOINTMENT.



ASK THE VET

With the theme of the month being Christmas and gifts and certain plants, I thought that this month we should investigate these specific areas causing toxicity in our pets:

Silica Gel: Often seen as moisture absorbents in shoeboxes, electronics, medications and the like and even is found in some "crystal cat litters". Cats are fascinated when it comes in paper packets and plastic cylinders and they love to bat them around as they make a great noise! Are the granules toxic? The answer is not really and even if eaten in quantity a mild gastrointestinal upset is all that will occur though the biggest concern is if the packet is eaten whole, as then it can block the stomach or intestine and become a foreign body

Mistletoe: There are several types of Mistletoe that are poisonous to pets. The American variety is less toxic than the European variety. Berries from this holiday plant contain polysaccharides, alkaloids and lectins. If these are eaten then generally effects are mild gastrointestinal irritation such as vomiting and diarrhoea but if larger amounts are eaten more serious signs can occur such as collapse and even death, so to be on the safe side keep out of the reach of pets and if ingestion is suspected contact your vet.

Holly: This is not commonly ingested as it is a prickly plant but if used as a decoration cats can find it attractive. Holly has methylxanthines, saponins and ilicin as some of its toxic components. Most ingestions cause gastrointestinal irritation and depression. Recent ingestions can usually be managed with increased fluid intake and monitoring at home.

So there you have it and the key message is to keep all of these things out of reach

Tony Vigano

ACTIVE PET REHAB



Active Pet Rehabilitation - A new rehabilitation therapy referral business available to small animal practitioners in Western Australia.

Established by Carmel Keylock RVN (W.A.), MNAVP (U.K.), employed within the veterinary profession since 1984 and now involved in the rehabilitation field, Active Pet Rehabilitation provides an independent service, working in conjunction with veterinary professionals, for canine rehabilitation following injury or disease.

> Carmel has been working alongside orthopaedic and neurological referral specialists in the U.K. since 1996 and is also studying towards her Certified Canine Rehabilitation Practitioner status with the University of Tennessee.

Active Pet Rehabilitation is currently running the only aqua treadmill for pets in Western Australia, a huge step forward in controlled, targeted rehabilitation, providing better recovery, faster. With a unit designed specifically for canine rehabilitation, the aqua treadmill allows dogs to begin the treatment process earlier than normal. Using the natural properties of water, the treadmill creates a low-impact workout that helps the animal to increase muscle strength and endurance, as well as benefiting nerve function and gait re-education.

Patients that benefit from rehabilitation services include those with back pain (from muscle problems to spinal problems), arthritis (both young dogs and old), and post orthopaedic surgery patients (from road traffic accidents to joint surgeries). Not to mention young dogs dealing with growth abnormalities including hip dysplasia, luxating patella and Legge Perthes disease.

Other therapies provided for veterinary practice patients include, therapeutic ultrasound, phototherapy laser, neuromuscular stimulation, as well as active and passive exercise programs customised for each patient. Carmel works on a referral basis and can see your pet at Swanbourne, or at her premises in the Mosman Park Veterinary Hospital at 588 Stirling Highway Mosman Park where the aquatreadmill is housed.

Carmel opened a new branch of her business on 18.11.18 at the Shelley Veterinary Clinic 173 High Rd Willetton. She will still be at Mosman Park and the details of this new practice can be obtained by calling her at Mosman Park.



